311A فرهنگ و معارف اسلامی صفحه ۱۳ ۷۱ از دقت در پیام آیهی شریفهی: «انّا هدیناه السّبیل امّا شاکراً و امّا کفوراً» مفهوم می گردد که ۱) انسان، در چارچوب قوانین حاکم بر هستی، حقّ انتخاب دارد. ۲) هدایت به راه کمال، خواه ناخواه توأم با فراز و نشیبها است. ٣) قانون لطف، ایجاب می کند هدایت انسان را که هر گز در آن تخلّفی نخواهد بود. ۴) خدای متعال، با ارسال رسولان و انزال کتب آسمانی، راه را به انسان نشان داد. ۷۲- انتساب علم خداوند، به پایان و نتیجهی حوادث یا به حوادث و نتایج آن، به ترتیب و که علم خداوند، مى باشد. ۱) درست ـ نادرست ـ یک پیش بینی صرف دربارهی نتیجه ۲) نادرست ـ درست ـ یک پیش بینی صرف دربارهی نتیجه ۴) نادرست ـ درست ـ علم به تمام عوامل و جزئيّات ۳) درست ـ نادرست ـ علم به تمام عوامل و جزئيّات ۷۳ - «تصمیم جدّی بر ترک گناه» و «تبدیل شیرینی گناه به تلخی پشیمانی و حسرت» به ترتیب مرحلهی و توبه است که مفهوم نخست، از دقت در پیام عبارت به دست میآید. ٢) دوّم _ اوّل _ التّوبه تطهّر القلوب و تَغسل الذنوب ١) اوّل ـ دوّم ـ التّوبه تطهّر القلوب و تَغسل الذنوب ٣) دوّم _ اوّل _ المستغفر من الذّنب و يفَعله كالمستهزئ بربّه ۴) اوّل _ دوّم _ المستغفر من الذّنب و يفَعله كالمستهزئ بربّه ٧٤- از دقت در پيام آيهي شريفهي: «قُل من حرّم زينةَ الله الّتي اخرج لعباده و الطّيّبات من الرّزق قل هي للّذين آمنوا في الحياة الدّنيا خالصةً يوم القيامة كذلك نفصّل الآيات لقوم يعلمون» مفهوم مي گردد كه «استفاده از زيورهاي حلال دنيايي و أخروي به ترتيب و است. ۱) مختص به مؤمنان، امّا توأم به رنج در دنیا ـ مختص به مؤمنان در آخرت ۲) مشترک بین مؤمنان و غیرمؤمنان در دنیا _ مختص به مؤمنان در آخرت ٣) مختص به مؤمنان، امّا توأم به رنج در دنيا ـ خالص از غم و اندوه در آخرت

۴) مشترک بین مؤمنان و غیرمؤمنان در دنیا ـ خالص از غم و اندوه در آخرت

١) ادع الى سبيل ربّك بالحكمة و الموعظة _ تقويت عزت نفس عمومي

٢) ادع الى سبيل ربّك بالحكمة و الموعظة _ تقويت ايمان و اراده

٣) و قال موسى لقومه استعينوا بالله و اصبروا _ تقويت ايمان و اراده

۴) و قال موسى لقومه استعينوا بالله و اصبروا ـ تقويت عزت نفس عمومي

در برنامهریزی برای ارتقای توانمندی فرد و جامعه آیهی شریفهی مبین میباشد.

زبان انگلیسی 311A صفحه ۱۴

Part A: Vocabulary and Grammar

<u>Directions</u>: Questions 76-87 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark your answer sheet.

76-	Ali left his job because he was so tired of the some job, day after day.			
	1) do	2) doing	3) to do	4) doing of
	1) do 2) doing 3) to do 4) doing of The kid ate a large plate of food for lunch, her sister just ate a snack.			
	1) since	2) whether	3) whereas	4) so that
	I don't think I am really for a hard job like that.			
	1) experienced enou	ıgh	2) so experienced	
	 experienced enough such experienced 		4) too experienced	
	Mary's poor diet	the reason for	the frequent colds sho	e catches in the last six months.
		2) might have to be		
	This travel agency holds tours which provide a wide variety of outdoor			
		2) functions		
	The new office block really out from the older buildings around it.			
	1) sticks	2) breaks	3) brings	
	The success of the depends on our controlling the conditions carefully.			
	, .	2) experiment		· ·
83-	If we do not find a good solution for the problem now, we will be up trouble for			
	ourselves in the near future.			
		2) keeping		
84-				
	should be hired.			
		2) committee		
	Every packet of cigarettes should come with a government health warning which is to			
	it.			
	1) attached	2) forced	3) forbidden	4) promised
	1) attached 2) forced 3) forbidden 4) promised You can buy a/an version of the dictionary and save money in this way. 1) regular 2) national 3) electronic 4) reasonable			
	1) regular	2) national	3) electronic	4) reasonable
87-	They found a rock with gold in it, buried in the earth's surface.			
	1) straightly	2) efficiently	3) rapidly	4) deeply

Part B: Cloze Test

<u>Directions</u>: Questions 88-92 are related to the following passage. Read the passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark your answer sheet.

88-1) famous 3) flexible 4) subordinate 2) various 89-1) stance 2) strategy 3) occasion 4) industry 90-3) interchangeably 4) economically 1) smoothly 2) definitely 91-1) moreover 2) whatever 3) although 4) unless 92-1) involve 2) compare 3) compete 4) evaluate

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Part C: Reading Comprehension

<u>Directions</u>: In this part of the test, you will read two passages. Each passage is followed by four questions. Answer the questions by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark your answer sheet.

PASSAGE 1:

To die on the banks of the River Ganges in India and to have one's ashes cast on its waters, is for a Hindu to be sure of a happy future life. Bathing in its waters is believed to wash away sins and cure disease. At the holy city of Varanasi, also called Benares, the banks are lined with temples from which great stairs stretch down to the river so that people can bathe.

Indians often call the river Mother Ganges. It is a good name, for some 300 million Indians depend on its waters to water the surrounding land and provide sufficient food crops. When the summer rains join with the melted snows from the Himalayas, the smaller rivers fill and cause the Ganges to rise and flood the low parts of the plain, soaking the soil so that it is ready for planting. The river leaves a coating of rich new soil behind. In the dry season its waters are sometimes led to the fields by ditches so that a second crop can be grown.

From the central Himalayas the Ganges flows for about 2,500 kilometres (1,500 miles) to its mouth at the head of the Bay of Bengal. It is the second longest river in India (the Brahmaputra is the longest). Thousands of villages are scattered over the great plain through which it flows, and there are more people living here than in any other part of India.

Among the branches of the Ganges is the Jumna (or Yamuna) River, on which stand the historic cities of Delhi and Agra.

93- For a Hindu, -----, is considered a happy future life.

- 1) swimming in the River Ganges
- 2) throwing dust in the River Ganges
- 3) dying by the side of the River Ganges
- 4) taking away a little water of the River Ganges

94- Which statement about Ganges River is NOT true?

- 1) Every Indian believes that Ganges River washes away all the sins.
- 2) It is a common belief in India that swimming in Ganges River will cure diseases.
- 3) There are plenty of temples on the banks of the River Ganges for people to worship and have access to the holy water.
- 4) The river Ganges is located in a holy city.

95- Why do people call the river Mother Ganges?

- 1) Because it waters 300 million Indians.
- 2) Because it dominates the surrounding land.
- 3) Because it fills other rivers which people use.
- 4) Because they benefit from it by using its water for farming.

96- Which of the following is the origin of the Ganges?

1) Central Himalayas

2) Brahmaputra

3) Yamuna

4) Agra

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PASSAGE 2:

To obtain power from the sun's rays is to use nuclear power developed at no expense in a laboratory 93 million miles away. For the bright energy of the sun is maintained by nuclear transformation of chemical elements occurring in the sun's interior at temperatures of many million degrees, and at pressures of many million atmospheres. The resources of solar power are enormous. If 100 per cent efficiency could be secured in the transformation of radiant solar energy into mechanical work, a horsepower per square yard of ground surface would be available under cloudless skies. The expense of collecting solar energy still prevents its competition with the usual power sources. Yet, unless the vague promise of safe thermonuclear power from oceans becomes realized, solar power must supply the enormous and growing requirements of children within two centuries. Because the ground sources (coal, oil and uranium) may be used up soon, they will become more costly than solar power.

97-According to the reading, what do we need to convert sunrays to energy?

- 1) Thermonuclear power sources.
- 2) A constant resource of chemicals.
- 3) A laboratory millions of miles away.
- 4) A cloudless sky at temperatures of enormous degrees.

The writer points out that solar energy is not used on a large scale -

- 1) though it is clean and safe
- 2) because the expense of controlling it is enormous
- 3) because it can create some dangers to the environment
- 4) since it is costly and less cost-effective than other sources of energy

Which of the following is the best topic for the reading?

- 1) Solar energy: an impossible energy source
- 3) Expenses of using solar energy
- 2) Solar energy: facts and realities 4) Different sources of energy

100- According to the reading, an alternative to solar energy can be ------

- 1) ocean thermonuclear power
 - 2) energy from fossils
- 3) radiant energy

4) nuclear power